

Braze Core Silver, Copper, Zinc

Material Safety Data Sheet

1. Product And Company Identification

Supplier

Lucas-Milhaupt, Inc.
A Handy & Harman Company
5656 South Pennsylvania Avenue
Cudahy, WI 53110
Telephone Number: 414-769-6000
FAX Number: 414-769-1093

Supplier Emergency Contacts & Phone Number

Chemtrec: (800) 424-9300

Manufacturer

Lucas-Milhaupt, Inc.
A Handy & Harman Company
5656 South Pennsylvania Avenue
Cudahy, WI 53110
Telephone Number: 414-769-6000
FAX Number: 414-769-1093

Manufacturer Emergency Contacts & Phone Number

Chemtrec: (800) 424-9300

Issue Date: 10/12/2006
Product Name: Braze Core Silver, Copper, Zinc
CAS Number: Not Established
Chemical Family: Brazing alloy, flux-cored
MSDS Number: 494

Product Identification Text

The information on this MSDS is applicable to products with the following
product codes: 30-300; 30-301; 30-302; 30-305; 30-401; 30-402; 30-403; 30-448;
30-449; 30-450; 30-451; 30-452.

2. Composition/Information On Ingredients

Ingredient Name - (CAS Number) - %

Boric acid (10043-35-3) 6 - 9
Copper (7440-50-8) 22 - 26
Potassium fluoborate (14075-53-7) 2 - 5
Potassium fluoride (7789-23-3) 5 - 8
Silver (7440-22-4) 30 - 35
Zinc (7440-66-6) 22 - 26

No Data Available...

3. Hazards Identification

----- Primary Routes(s) Of Entry -----

Inhalation

Eye Hazards -----

Except for the potential for physical injury, eye exposure to this product is not a plausible mode of exposure.

Skin Hazards -----

Except for the potential for physical injury, skin contact with this product is not a plausible mode of exposure.

Ingestion Hazards -----

Ingestion of this product, as a solid, is not a plausible mode of exposure.

Inhalation Hazards -----

Inhalation of the components of this product is not known to present a significant risk to health when used according to instructions and with appropriate protective measures (see Section #8). Inhalation of component elements has been reported to cause one or more of the following symptoms and effects upon excessively high or prolonged exposure:

BORIC ACID: Inhalation of boric acid may irritate the nose, throat, and respiratory system. Chronic exposure may cause borism, which is characterized by dry skin, skin eruptions, and gastrointestinal disturbances.

COPPER: Acute exposure may cause respiratory tract irritation, fever, muscle ache, chills, cough, weakness, and a metallic taste. Chronic exposure may damage the liver, kidney, spleen, pancreas, and brain.

POTASSIUM FLUOBORATE: Inhalation may irritate the eyes, nose, throat, and respiratory tract.

POTASSIUM FLUORIDE: Inhalation may irritate the nose, throat, and respiratory tract, and cause cough, nose bleeds, nausea, vomiting, chest tightness, chills, fever, tearing, pneumonitis, and pulmonary edema. Chronic exposure may cause abdominal pain and cramps, liver and kidney damage, impaired pulmonary function, and fluorosis (a disease characterized by mottled teeth, osteosclerosis, and pain and loss of mobility in joints).

SILVER: Chronic exposure via inhalation may cause argyria, a blue-gray discoloration of the skin, eyes, mucous membranes, and respiratory tract.

ZINC: Acute exposure to zinc oxide may cause respiratory tract irritation and "metal fume fever", which is characterized by a metallic taste, cough, dry throat, chills, fever, tightness of chest, headache, nausea, shortness of breath, vomiting, and fatigue.

4. First Aid Measures

Inhalation

If signs and symptoms of toxicity are observed, remove subject from area, administer oxygen, and seek medical attention. Keep the subject warm and at rest. Perform artificial respiration if breathing has stopped.

Note To Physician

The component potassium fluoride is acutely toxic. Inhalation is the only plausible mode of exposure, as the component is within the core of the wire. Treat fluoride intoxication symptomatically.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Flash Point: N/A °F N/A °C
Autoignition Point: N/A °F N/A °C
Flammability Class: N/A
Lower Explosive Limit: N/A
Upper Explosive Limit: N/A
Fire And Explosion Hazards

This product is non-flammable and non-explosive. However, if present in a fire or explosion, it may emit fumes of the constituent metals or metal oxides, gaseous and particulate fluorides, and boron oxide.

Fire Fighting Instructions

If fighting a fire in which this product is present, wear a self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece operated in pressure-demand or other positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Not applicable.

7. Handling And Storage

Handling Precautions

No special handling precautions are required.

Storage Precautions

Do not store in proximity to incompatible materials (see Section #10).

Work/Hygienic Practices

To minimize ingestion, wash hands and face before eating, drinking, applying cosmetics, or using tobacco.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls

Use appropriate ventilation (e.g., dilution, local exhaust) adequate to maintain concentrations of all components and their byproducts to within their applicable standards.

Eye/Face Protection

Wear eye protection adequate to prevent eye injury from the hazards of brazing. Plastic-frame spectacles with side shields and filter lenses (shade #3 or #4) are recommended.

Skin Protection

Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin injuries from the hazards of brazing. Avoid flammable fabrics.

Respiratory Protection

If an exposure level exceeds an applicable exposure standard, use a NIOSH-approved respirator having a configuration (type of facepiece, filter media, assigned protection factor, etc.) appropriate to the concentration of the contaminant(s) generated. For guidance on selection and use of respiratory protection, consult American National Standard Z88.2 (ANSI, New York, NY 10036 USA).

Ingredient(s) - Exposure Limits

Boric acid

No ACGIH TLV(s) No OSHA PEL(s)

Copper

ACGIH TLVs: 0.2 mg/m³ TWA (fume); 1 mg/m³ TWA (dusts and mists)

OSHA PELs: 0.1 mg/m³ TWA (fume); 1 mg/m³ TWA (dusts and mists)

Potassium fluoborate

ACGIH TLV: 2.5 mg/m³ TWA (as F-). OSHA PEL: 2.5 mg/m³ TWA (as F-)

Potassium fluoride

ACGIH TLV: 2.5 mg/m³ TWA (as F-). OSHA PEL: 2.5 mg/m³ TWA (as F-)

Silver

ACGIH TLV: 0.1 mg/m³ TWA (metal) OSHA PEL: 0.01 mg/m³ TWA

Zinc

ACGIH TLVs: 5 mg/m³ TWA; 10 mg/m³ STEL (as ZnO fume)

OSHA PEL: 5 mg/m³ TWA (as ZnO fume)

9. Physical And Chemical Properties

Appearance

Odorless light yellow metal in the form of flux-cored wire.

Chemical Type: Mixture

Physical State: Solid

Melting Point: ca. 1220 °F ca. 660 °C

Percent Volatiles: Not Applicable (N/A)

Vapor Pressure: N/A

Solubility: Insoluble

10. Stability And Reactivity

Stability: stable

Hazardous Polymerization: will not occur

Conditions To Avoid (Stability)

Silver and copper can form unstable acetylides if in contact with acetylene gas.

Incompatible Materials

Strong acids; ammonia; azides; nitric acid; ethylene imine; chlorine trifluoride; sulfuric acid; inorganic and organic peroxides; peroxyformic acid; oxalic acid; tartaric acid; 1-bromo-2-propyne; permonosulfuric acid; bromates, chlorates, and iodates of alkali and alkali earth metals; halogens; carbon disulfide; hydrazine mononitrate; hydroxylamine; selenium; tellurium.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Heating to elevated temperatures may liberate fumes of the constituent metals or their oxides, gaseous and particulate fluorides, and boron oxide.

11. Toxicological Information

Chronic/Carcinogenicity

The product contains no chemicals classified as potential or demonstrated carcinogens by IARC, NTP, or OSHA.

Reproductive Effects

In experimental animal studies, inorganic borate compounds and boric acid have been found to cause decreased sperm production and testicular effects in male rats, and developmental effects in fetuses of exposed female mice. No human reproductive effects attributable to occupational exposure to borates or boric acid have been established.

Mutagenicity (Genetic Effects)

Inorganic fluoride compounds have been demonstrated to induce mutagenic changes in mammalian cell in culture. The significance of these findings to human health risks is unknown.

Conditions Aggravated By Overexposure

Pre-existing pulmonary diseases (e.g., bronchitis, asthma) may be aggravated by inhalation overexposure. Chronic overexposure by inhalation may aggravate diseases of the liver, kidneys, and the skeletal, nervous, and gastrointestinal systems.

Ingredient(s) - Toxicological Data

Boric acid

LD50: 2660 mg/kg (oral/rat).

LC50: No data available.

Copper

LD50: No data available

LC50: No data available

Potassium fluoborate
LD50: No data available LC50: No data available
Potassium fluoride
LD50: 245 mg/kg (oral/rat) LC50: No data available
Silver
LD50: No data available LC50: No data available
Zinc
LD50: No data available LC50: No data available

12. Ecological Information

In its intended manner of use, this product should not be released into the environment, and adverse effects on ecosystems are not anticipated under recommended conditions of use, storage, and disposal.

13. Disposal Considerations

Dispose of unused or unusable product in accordance with applicable Federal, State/Provincial, and local regulations.

14. Transport Information

This product is not a Hazardous Substance or Dangerous Goods per USDOT/TDG/IATA/IMO regulations.

15. Regulatory Information

SARA Hazard Classes

Acute Health Hazard; Chronic Health Hazard

Ingredient(s) - U.S. Regulatory Information

Copper

SARA Title III - Section 313 Form "R"/TRI Reportable Chemical

Silver

SARA Title III - Section 313 Form "R"/TRI Reportable Chemical

Canadian Regulatory Information

WHMIS Class(es) and Division(s): D1B, D2A

Components on Ingredients Disclosure List:

1. Boric acid (CASRN 10043-35-3)
2. Copper, elemental (CASRN 7440-50-8)
3. Fluoride compounds, inorganic, n.o.s.
4. Silver, elemental (CASRN 7440-22-4)

16. Other Information

Revision/Preparer Information

This MSDS Supersedes A Previous MSDS Dated: 07/30/2004

Disclaimer

Although reasonable care has been taken in the preparation of this document, we extend no warranties and make no representations as to the accuracy or completeness of the information contained therein, and assume no responsibility regarding the suitability of this information for the user's intended purposes or for the consequences of its use. Each individual should make a determination as to the suitability of the information for their particular purpose(s).

Lucas-Milhaupt, Inc.